## Handout: Rotating Symbols in LaTeX

Someone suggested in class that we could make the infinity symbol, $\infty$, in LaTeX by putting " 8 " on its side. I think that was indeed an old way to do it in typewriters. LaTeX has the command " $\backslash$ infty" which does it directly, but as I said in class, LaTeX has ways to do all kinds of things, and they're easy to look up. So here is how I looked that up.

1. I googled "latex rotate symbol".
2. I found a blog article at: https://www.johndcook.com/blog/2020/11/18/rotati symbols-in-latex/.
3. In the article I found that with the "age\{graphicx\}"package(likewith"importmatplotlib.pyplotasplt"inPython)wecanusethecommand"$\backslash$rotatebox$[$origin$=c]\{180\}\{8\}+50$".undefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefined
4. I changed the 180 to 90: " $\backslash$ rotatebox $[$ origin $=c]\{90\}\{8\}+50$ ".
5. Alas, the simple LaTeX in Python doesn't allow add-on packages such as graphicx. Instead, you need to run LaTeX a different way, e.g., with https://www.tutorialspoint.com/online_latex_editor.php. There, you use these commands:
ackage\{graphicx\}\begin\{document\}}$\mathrm{x}=\backslash$rotatebox[origin=c]$\{90\}\{8\}+50$\end\{document\}}Ifyoudothat,thecomputerprintsoutonthescreen:$\mathrm{x}=\infty+50$undefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefined

I just told you on the previous page that the commands:
ass\{article\}\usepackage\{graphicx\}\begin\{document\}}$\mathrm{x}=\backslash$rotatebox[origin=c]$\{90\}\{8\}+50$\end\{document\}}wouldyield:$\mathrm{x}=\infty+50$Ifyouusedmathmode,with$\$$oneachside,soitlookedlike$\$\mathrm{x}=$$\backslash$rotatebox[origin$=c]\{90\}\{8\}+50\$$,you'dget:$x=\infty+50$undefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefinedundefined

Using $\$ \mathrm{x}=\backslash$ infty $+50 \$$, you'd get: $x=\infty+50$
6. I tried some other examples.

Here is an "a" and a checkmark rotated 90 degrees (sideways), with a regular checkmark first for comparison: $\checkmark a>\infty$

Here is a checkmark rotated 180 degrees, so it is upside down: $\checkmark a \wedge$ ィ
Here is a checkmark rotated 45 degrees, so it is slanted: $\checkmark \quad a \quad \downarrow$ Here is a checkmark rotated 20 degrees, so it is slanted less: $\checkmark \quad a \quad \checkmark a$

You can rotate more than one symbol at a time, too: $\checkmark$ anteater

